

required in this paragraph must include, but not necessarily be limited to, consideration of—

- (1) Means to limit concentration of radioactive material in air;
 - (2) Means to limit the time required to perform work in the vicinity of radioactive materials;
 - (3) Suitable shielding;
 - (4) Means to monitor and control the dispersal of radioactive contamination;
 - (5) Means to control access to high radiation areas or airborne radioactivity areas;
 - (6) Means to prevent and control criticality;
 - (7) Radiation alarm system to warn of significant increases of radiation levels, concentrations of radioactive material in air, and increased radioactivity in effluents;
 - (8) Ability of structures, systems, and components to perform their intended safety functions, assuming the occurrence of event sequences;
 - (9) Explosion and fire detection systems and appropriate suppression systems;
 - (10) Means to control radioactive waste and radioactive effluents, and permit prompt termination of operations and evacuation of personnel during an emergency;
 - (11) Means to provide reliable and timely emergency power to instruments, utility service systems, and operating systems important to safety if there is a loss of primary electric power;
 - (12) Means to provide redundant systems necessary to maintain, with adequate capacity, the ability of utility services important to safety; and
 - (13) Means to inspect, test, and maintain structures, systems, and components important to safety, as necessary, to ensure their continued functioning and readiness.
- (f) A description and discussion of the design, both surface and subsurface, of the geologic repository operations area, including—
- (1) The relationship between design criteria and the requirements specified at § 63.111(a) and (b); and
 - (2) The design bases and their relation to the design criteria.

POSTCLOSURE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES

§ 63.113 Performance objectives for the geologic repository after permanent closure.

(a) The geologic repository must include multiple barriers, consisting of both natural barriers and an engineered barrier system.

(b) The engineered barrier system must be designed so that, working in combination with natural barriers, radiological exposures to the reasonably maximally exposed individual are within the limits specified at § 63.311 of subpart L of this part. Compliance with this paragraph must be demonstrated through a performance assessment that meets the requirements specified at § 63.114 of this subpart, and §§ 63.303, 63.305, 63.312 and 63.342 of Subpart L of this part.

(c) The engineered barrier system must be designed so that, working in combination with natural barriers, releases of radionuclides into the accessible environment are within the limits specified at § 63.331 of subpart L of this part. Compliance with this paragraph must be demonstrated through a performance assessment that meets the requirements specified at § 63.114 of this subpart and §§ 63.303, 63.332 and 63.342 of subpart L of this part.

(d) The ability of the geologic repository to limit radiological exposures to the reasonably maximally exposed individual, in the event of human intrusion into the engineered barrier system, must be demonstrated through an analysis that meets the requirements at §§ 63.321 and 63.322 of subpart L of this part. Estimating radiological exposures to the reasonably maximally exposed individual requires a performance assessment that meets the requirements specified at § 63.114 of this subpart, and §§ 63.303, 63.305, 63.312 and 63.342 of subpart L of this part.

POSTCLOSURE PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

§ 63.114 Requirements for performance assessment.

Any performance assessment used to demonstrate compliance with § 63.113 must: